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I. Student Code Of Conduct

Bergen Community College, in this Code will be referred to as the College, is committed to providing a campus environment that is conducive to academic inquiry in the College tradition. Bergen is a comprehensive, teaching College that exists to foster inquiry and public discourse. At Bergen, student members of the community are expected to abide by certain standards of conduct that form the basis of the Student Code of Conduct [this Code] and ensure that their visitors do likewise. These standards are embodied within a set of core values that include integrity, fairness, respect, community, and responsibility.

When students fail to adhere to this Code or community standards, appropriate proceedings may be initiated under this Code to address the failure and its consequences.

This Code is provided to give students a general notice of prohibited conduct. This Code has not been designed to set forth an exhaustive list of misconduct, but to establish behavioral guidelines. It is the responsibility of all students to become familiar with this Code.

Definitions

Accused student - any student who has been accused of an act or misconduct as prohibited by this Code.

Administrative hearing - a meeting held by the Dean of Student Life & Judicial Affairs and/or his designee with the charged student.

Administration or staff - any person who currently holds a non-faculty appointment within the College.

Business day - any day when the College offices are open for business.

College - the College and all of its campuses, divisions and programs.

College Advisor - a member of the College community, who is not an attorney and not related to the student going through the process, who has been selected by an accused student or by a complainant to assist him/her in hearings or conferences conducted in accordance with this Code.

College grounds or premises - buildings or grounds, used, owned, leased, operated, controlled or supervised by the College.

College sponsored activity - a College sponsored activity means any academic, athletic, co-curricular, extra-curricular or other activity on or off-campus, which is initiated, aided, authorized or supervised by the College.

Complainant - the initiator of the complaint alleging an act or misconduct which may constitute a violation of this Code.
**Hearing Panel** - a group that is comprised of no less than three nor more than five members of the Judicial Board.

**Judicial Board** - a group of not less than ten nor more than twenty members of the College community who are appointed by the student service specialist or such other person as designated by the Vice President of Student Affairs, which members of the group shall be appointed to a hearing panel to hear judicial referrals relating to alleged violations of the Student Code of Conduct except for alleged violations of the Standards of Academic Integrity.

**Member of the Judicial Board** - a student or employee of the college that has applied for, been trained by the Dean of Student Life & Judicial Affairs, or such other person designated by the Vice President of Student Affairs, to hear judicial referrals relating to alleged violations of the Student Code of Conduct.

**Chief Judicial Officer** - the Dean of Student Life & Judicial Affairs or such other person as the Vice President of Student Affairs may designate.

**Judicial Referral** - the College Judicial System Public Safety Report that includes a description of alleged misconduct and all information pertaining to the event in question.

**Faculty** - any person who holds a current academic appointment within the College.

**Member of the College community** - any student, faculty, administrator or staff member of the College or visitor to the College.

**Pre judicial hearing conference** - a meeting held by the Dean of Student Life & Judicial Affairs and/or his designee with the charged student 48 hours prior to the charged student’s scheduled hearing before the Judicial Board to outline the judicial hearing process.

**Student** - all persons taking courses at the College, full-time, part-time and non-degree pursuing undergraduate, professional studies, or continuing education. This Code is in effect without regard to the physical location of the course, at an off-campus site or through distance learning. Persons who are not officially enrolled for a particular term, but who have a continuing relationship with the College are considered students.

**Student organization** - a College-recognized group of Bergen students meeting the criteria for group registration or recognition established by the Office of Student Life.

**Victim** - a member of the College community who alleges that he/she has suffered personal harm or injury as an alleged violation(s) of this Code.

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**II. Authority**

The Board of Trustees at Bergen Community College has adopted by appropriate resolution the terms and provisions of this Code of Student Conduct and, by the adoption of this Code of Student Conduct, has empowered the employees and Boards referenced herein to enforce the terms and provisions set forth.
The College maintains the right to take all necessary and appropriate action to protect the health, safety and welfare of the employees, students and visitors to the College campus community. This Code may be applied to conduct that takes place during the time a person is enrolled as a student, including during intra-semester breaks and between semesters. Further, this Code applies to members of the College community as defined, whose host may be held accountable for the misconduct of their guests. Sanctions for violations by visitors and guests may include but not be limited to a warning, Campus-Wide No Trespass and referral to the Department of Public Safety and Bergen County Police. Visitors to and guests of the College are also protected by this Code, and may initiate grievances for violations of this Code committed by members of the College community against them. The College may address misconduct that occurs prior to, but is not reported until after, the graduation of the offending student, as long as the misconduct is reported within six months of its occurrence. Otherwise, there is no time limit on reporting of violations of this Code, as long as the offending student is still enrolled at the College. Those who are aware of misconduct are encouraged to report it as quickly as possible to the Office of Student Life and Judicial Affairs. The Dean of the Office and/or his/her designee is responsible for overseeing processes related to the implementation of this Code.

Students at the College are provided annual notification that explains how they may access this Code on the College Web site. The printed document is also available in the Office of Judicial Affairs, (1st Floor of the Pitkin Education Building). Incident reports can be filed with the Office of Public Safety (L-154) and the Office of Judicial Affairs. Students are charged with the responsibility to read and to abide by the provisions of this Code and the authority of the student conduct process. This Code and the student conduct process apply to the conduct of individual students and College recognized student organizations. Because this Code is based on shared values, it sets a range of expectations for the student no matter where or when their conduct may take place. Therefore, this Code applies to conduct that takes place on the campus, at College-sponsored events, and off campus, when the administration determines that the off campus conduct affects a substantial College interest. A substantial College interest is defined to include:

Violations of local ordinance, state or federal law. Included are repeat violations of any local ordinance, state or federal law committed in the municipality where the College is located.

Actions which may present a danger or threat to the health or safety of him/herself or others.

Actions which significantly impinge upon the rights, property or achievements of self or others or significantly breach the peace and/or cause social disorder.

Actions which are detrimental to the educational interests of the College.
III. Violations Of The Law And This Code

Violations of local ordinances, state and federal laws are offenses under this *Code* even where those violations are not explicitly prohibited by this *Code*. Where such offenses occur off campus, the College may institute conduct proceedings that affect a substantial College interest, at the discretion of the Dean of Student Life & Judicial Affairs. The College may institute conduct proceedings against a student charged with violation of federal, state, or local laws without regard to the existence or possibility of civil or criminal legal proceedings. It is the policy of the College typically to pursue the conduct process in a timely manner through its conduct proceedings, rather than to delay campus proceedings for external criminal and/or civil proceedings arising from the same misconduct.

This *Code* also applies to acts which constitutes violations of the law and this *Code*. Any action at the College during the pendency of an administrative, civil or criminal proceedings arising out of the same or other events shall not be the subject to challenge on the ground that criminal charges are pending, dismissed or reduced. The filing of a complaint with the College does not preclude any member of the College community from seeking civil or criminal redress.

IV. Special Provisions

a. Attempted violations
   In most circumstances, the College will treat attempts to commit any of the violations listed in this *Code* as if those attempts had been completed.

b. College as Complainant
   As necessary, the College reserves the right to initiate a complaint, to serve as complainant, and to initiate conduct proceedings without a formal complaint by the victim of misconduct.

c. False Reports
   The College will not tolerate intentional false reporting of incidents. It is a violation of this *Code* to make an intentionally false report of any policy violation, and it may also violate state criminal statutes and civil defamation laws.

d. Group Violations
   When members of groups, individuals acting collusively, or members of an organization act in concert in violation of any policy, they may be held accountable as a group, and a hearing may proceed against the group as joint accused students. In any such action, however, determinations will be made with respect to the involvement of each accused individual.

e. Amnesty for Victims
   The College encourages the reporting of crimes and violations of this *Code* by victims. Sometimes, victims are hesitant to report to college officials because they
f. **Good Samaritan**  
In a community, students are encouraged to help other members of the community who are in need; to be Good Samaritans. When a student has assisted an intoxicated student in procuring campus safety and/or professional medical assistance at Health Services, or any other healthcare facility, neither the intoxicated student nor the individual(s) who assist them will be subject to formal action through the College conduct process for (a) being intoxicated, or (b) having provided that person alcohol. This applies only to first-time, isolated incidents, and does not excuse or protect those who flagrantly or repeatedly violate college alcohol policies.

g. **Parental Notification**  
The College reserves the right to notify parents/guardians of any student whose conduct is deemed to be in violation of this Code. The College reserves the right to notify all law enforcement agencies of any breach the provisions of this Code involving alcohol, drugs or any other act that is a danger to the health, safety and well-being of any member of the College community. Bergen Community College also reserves the right to designate which college officials have a need to know about individual conduct complaints pursuant to the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA).

h. **Notification of Outcomes**  
The outcome of a hearing is part of the educational record of the accused student, and is protected from release under a federal law, FERPA. However, the College observes the legal exceptions as follows:

1. Complainants in sexual misconduct and sexual harassment incidents have an absolute right to be informed of the outcome and sanctions of the hearing, in writing, without condition or limitation.

2. The College may release publicly the name, nature of the violation and the sanction for any student who is found in violation of a College policy that is a “crime of violence,” including: arson, burglary, robbery, criminal homicide, sex offenses, assault, destruction/damage/vandalism of property and kidnapping/abduction. The College will also release this information to the complainant in any of these offenses regardless of the outcome.

3. The College may also release notification of outcomes to any employment agency/entity requesting disciplinary records of the student as long as
permission has been granted, in writing, by the student who breached the Code.

i. **Defenses**
   It has become common for students accused of policy violations to try to defend their actions with excuses, such as prescription drug interactions, self-defense, disabilities, etc. The College’s policy on defenses is clear. Defending your actions could be admission of a violation of policy. “Yes, we fought, but he started it”, still means you had a fight, and that violates this Code. Taking someone’s property under the influence of an anti-depressant, is still taking someone else’s property. While your defense will not excuse your actions, the College will take the legitimacy of your defense into consideration in addressing the proper sanction. If you were not the aggressor in a fight, you may still be sanctioned, but your sanction may be lesser than the sanction of the person who started the fight.

j. **Misconduct Online**
   Students are advised that behavior online can be the subject to disciplinary action as if such conduct took place face-to-face. Online harassment, bullying, threats or similar conduct, will not be tolerated and any student that violates this policy will be subject to disciplinary action. Students must be aware that social media postings are in the public sphere, and are not private. These postings can subject a student to allegations of conduct violations, if evidence of policy violations is posted online. The College will take action if and when such information is brought to the attention of the College.

V. **Offenses Under This Code**

A. **Conduct Demonstrating a Lack of Integrity, Generally**
   The College students are required to exemplify honesty, integrity and a respect for truth in all of their dealings. Behavior that demonstrates a lapse of integrity includes, but is not limited to:

1. Acts of dishonesty
   - Furnishing false written or oral information to any College official, faculty member or office.
   - Forgery, alteration, destruction or misuse of any College document, record, timesheets or instrument of identification including but not limited to College and College related material such as academic forms, files, transferring, course registration document, records, identification cards or other documents. Students may also be subject to criminal charges in the event a violation of the policy is found.
   - Tampering with the election of any College registered student organization
• Causing, condoning, or encouraging the completion of any College record, document or form dishonestly
• Initiating a false report or warning of fire, explosion, bomb threat, or other emergency
• Deception- concealment or distortion of the truth for the purpose of misleading; duplicity; fraud; cheating.

2. Knowingly presenting a worthless check or forging a money order in payment to the College or to a member of the College community acting in an official capacity, or failure to make satisfactory arrangement for the settling of accounts with the College.

3. Violations of positions of trust or authority within the community;

4. Misuse or unauthorized use of the College or organizational names and images;

5. Theft, attempted theft, robbery, bribery, extortion, misappropriation of funds or property and/or possession of stolen property.
   • Knowingly possessing stolen property
   • Damaging items rented, leased, or placed on the campus at the request of the College
   • Selling or attempting to sell textbooks unless the seller is the owner of the textbook or has the permission of the owner to do so
   • Taking, attempting to take, or keeping items belonging to the College.

B. Conduct Demonstrating a Lack of Academic Integrity

Students at Bergen Community College are required to exemplify Academic Integrity in all of their dealings and interactions.

Bergen Community College is committed to academic integrity—the honest, fair, and continuing pursuit of knowledge, free from fraud or deception.

Students are responsible for their own work. Faculty and academic support services staff will take appropriate measures to discourage academic dishonesty.

The College recognizes the following general categories of violations of academic integrity.

Behavior that demonstrates a lapse in Academic Integrity includes, but is not limited to:

1. Uses unauthorized assistance in any academic work
   • Copies from another student’s work
   • Uses notes, books, electronic devices or other aids of any kind during an exam, when doing so is prohibited
• Steals an exam or possesses a stolen copy of any exam

2. Gives unauthorized assistance to another student
   • Completes a graded academic activity or takes an exam for someone else
   • Gives answers to or shares answers with another student before or during an exam or other graded academic activity
   • Shares answers during an exam by using a system of signals

3. Fabricates data in support of an academic assignment
   • Cites sources that do not exist
   • Cites sources that were not used
   • Submits any academic assignment which contains falsified or fabricated data or results

4. Inappropriately or unethically uses technological means to gain academic advantage
   • Inappropriately or unethically acquires material via the internet or by any other means
   • Uses any devices (electronic or hidden) for communication or unauthorized retrieval of information during an exam

Plagiarism

Plagiarism is a form of academic dishonesty and may be a violation of U.S. Copyright laws. Plagiarism is defined as the act of taking someone else’s words, opinions, or ideas and claiming them as one’s own.

Plagiarism includes, but is not limited to the use, by paraphrase or direct quotation, of the published or unpublished work of another person without full and clear acknowledgment of their authorship. It also includes materials prepared by another person or agency engaged in the selling of term papers or other academic materials.

Examples of plagiarism include instances in which a student:

• Knowingly represents the work of others as his/her own
• Represents previously completed academic work as current
• Submits a paper or other academic work for credit, which includes, words, ideas, data or creative work of others without acknowledging the source
• Uses another author’s exact words without enclosing them in quotation marks and citing them appropriately

*Note: An instructor may establish other guidelines regarding academic integrity consistent with the College policy.
Sanctions Against a Student for a Classroom Violation

• The faculty member must report all incidents to the chair of the department
• The faculty member, in consultation with the chair, will determine the course of action to be followed. This may include:
  o Assigning a failing grade on the assignment
  o Assigning a lower final course grade
  o Failing the student in the course
  o Other penalties appropriate to the violation
• The student has the right to appeal the decision of the faculty member by writing to the appropriate Department Head and then to the Academic Vice President.

*Note: An instructor may establish other guidelines regarding academic integrity consistent with the College policy.

5. Cheating includes, but is not limited to: (i) use of any unauthorized assistance in taking quizzes, tests, or examinations; (ii) use of sources beyond those authorized by the instructor in writing papers, preparing reports, solving problems, or carrying out other assignments; (iii) the acquisition, without permission, of tests or other academic material belonging to a member of the College faculty or staff; and (iv) engaging in any other such behavior specifically prohibited by a faculty member in the course syllabus.

C. Failure to Adhere to Bergen Community College’s Code of Fairness

The College students are required to honor fairness and strive for fairness in all their dealings and interactions. Behavior that demonstrates a lapse of Fairness includes, but is not limited to:

1. Disruption of College operations, including obstruction of teaching, research, administration, other College activities;
2. Obstruction of freedom of movement by community members or visitors
3. Abuse, interference or failing to comply in the College processes including any hearings under this Code;
4. Abuse of the Student Code of Conduct process and procedures, including:
5. Failure to follow the Student Code of Conduct process and procedures;
   • Falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation of information;
   • Failure to provide, destroying or hiding information during an investigation of an alleged policy violation;
   • Attempting to discourage an individual’s proper participation in, or use of, the Student Code of Conduct process and procedures;
• Harassment (verbal or physical) and/or intimidation of a member of the hearing board prior to, during, and/or after a campus conduct proceeding;
• Failure to comply with the sanction(s) imposed by the judicial board;
• Failure to respect the dignity and privacy of fellow Bergen community members by disclosing confidential information obtained during participation in a judicial board hearing;
• Influencing or attempting to influence another person to commit an abuse of the Student Code of Conduct.

D. Actions Detrimental to the Bergen Community College Community

The College students are required to honor and value their community in all their dealings and interactions. Behavior that demonstrates a lapse of Community includes, but is not limited to:

1. Damage to or littering the College grounds and/or properties owned or leased by a registered student organization, including, but not limited to:
   • Misuse of access privileges to College premises or unauthorized entry to or use of buildings, including trespass;
   • Violating the No Smoking policy;
   • Driving motor vehicles on lawn or grounds without permission;
   • Failure to clean up sidewalk chalk;
   • Failure to maintain an organization’s facilities and/or surrounding property;
   • Vandalism, the causing of damage to the property of another or to the College;

2. Unauthorized entry or use of the College property including, but not limited to:
   • Unauthorized possession, use, or duplication of keys or other methods of controlled access such as ID or access cards or codes;

3. Intentional and unauthorized taking of the property of the College or personal property of a member of the College community;

4. Disruption or obstruction of teaching, research, administration, other College activities, including its public service functions on or off campus, or of other authorized non-College activities when the conduct occurs on College premises. Examples of this include but are not limited to:
   • Unruly classroom behavior;
   • Obstruction of the free flow of pedestrian or vehicular traffic on College premises or at College sponsored or supervised functions;
   • Participating in an on-campus or off-campus demonstration, riot or activity that disrupts the normal operations of the College and/or infringes on the rights of other members of the College community;
• Leading or inciting others to disrupt scheduled and/or normal activities within any campus building or area.

5. Inappropriate use of College computing resources as stated in Policy on Information Technology, including misuse of the College computing facilities, equipment, network, passwords, accounts or information. Students who connect their personal computers to the campus network will be held responsible for any violation of this policy that originates from that computer. Examples of misuse include but are not limited to:
   • Use of computing facilities to send harassing or abusive messages;
   • Use of computing facilities to interfere with the work of other community members;
   • Unauthorized access to a file or personal or group account;
   • Use of computing facilities to interfere with normal operation of the College computer system;
   • Anonymous or forged network news articles or E-mail messages;
   • Disk usage over the allotted limit without prior approval;
   • Unauthorized transfer of a file;
   • Unauthorized use of another individual’s identification and password.
   • Making copies of copyrighted computer software when no written authority to copy the software has been granted.
   • Gambling

6. Constructive or actual possession and/or illegal use of firearms, other potentially dangerous items that may be used as weapons (including, but not limited to BB/pellet guns, slingshots, and sharp edged instruments, such as hatchets when used as weapons) and inherently dangerous or explosive materials including fireworks. Boxcutters, if required for class, will be maintained in class by the instructor (as should similarly intended supplies).

7. Having animals on campus except as may be required for a class, or for use of service animals.

E. Actions exhibiting a Lack of Respect for Fellow Students, Property, Faculty and/or Staff

Students are required to show respect for each other, for property and for the community in all their dealings. Behavior that demonstrates a lapse of Respect includes, but is not limited to:

1. Assault or attempted assault, which may include hazing, or physical abuse or injury of any individual.
2. Threat, verbal assault or abuse or physical obstruction of any individual. This includes verbal or physical disruption or obstruction of teaching, research or disciplinary proceedings of any individual, office or authorized College activity. Intimidation (implied threats) or coercion (pressuring another unreasonably until an act is not truly voluntary).

3. Discriminatory harassment including speech, actions or conduct which has the effect of depriving a member of the community of educational or employment access, enjoyment, benefits or opportunities.
   - For offensive or annoying behavior to rise to a level of code violation, such behavior must have the potential to cause a deprivation of the civil rights of a member of a protected class.
   - Protected classes at the College include gender, race, color, religion, age, national origin, ethnicity, disability, veteran’s status, sexual orientation, and pregnancy status.

4. Bullying- Bullying is prohibited at the College. The State of New Jersey defines bullying as: No student enrolled in the College shall engage in activities of harassment, intimidation, or bullying which are defined as any gesture, any written, verbal or physical act, or any electronic communication, whether it be a single incident or a series of incidents, that is reasonably, perceived as being motivated either by any actual or perceived characteristic, such as race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity and expression, or a mental, physical or sensory disability, or by any other distinguishing characteristic, that takes place on school property, at any school-sponsored function, on a school bus, or off school grounds as provided for in section 16 of P.L.2010, c. 122 (C.18A:37-15.3), that substantially disrupts or interferes with the orderly operation of the school or the rights of other students… “Electronic communication” means a communication transmitted by means of any electronic device, including, but not limited to, a telephone, cellular phone, computer, or pager; Violations may result in college suspension, college expulsion, revocation of admission and/or degree or withholding a degree.

**State of New Jersey’s Anti-Bullying Bill of Rights Act**

In compliance with the State of New Jersey’s “Anti-Bullying Bill of Rights Act”, the College will maintain zero-tolerance towards behavior involving harassment, intimidation, and/or bullying of any kind that is directed to students, members of the College community, and/or visitors. Harassment, intimidation and/or bullying includes but is not limited to any gesture, written, verbal or physical act, or any electronic communication that targets another individual and/or that is reasonably perceived as being motivated either by any actual or perceived characteristic, such
as race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity and expression, or a mental, physical or sensory disability, or by any other distinguishing characteristic, that takes place on or with college property or at any college sponsored function. A reasonable person should know, under the circumstances, that the above identified behavior will have the effect of physically or emotionally harming a student, staff person or visitor or damaging the student, staff person or visitor’s property, or placing a student, staff person or visitor in reasonable fear of physical or emotional harm to his/her person or damage to his/her property; or has the effect of insulting or demeaning any student or group of students, staff person or visitor in such a way as to cause disruption in, or interference with, the orderly operation of the College; or creates a hostile environment for the student, staff person or visitor at the college; or infringes on the rights of the student, staff person or visitor at the college.

To report any form of bullying, students must contact the Dean of Student Life and Judicial Affairs immediately. Contact information is available by accessing the online staff directory and/or by visiting the Office of Student Life and Judicial Affairs located on the 1st floor of the Pitkin Building—in the Paramus Campus.

5. Hazing- Behavior that endangers the mental or physical health of a student as a condition for initial or continued affiliation with any group regardless of either the lack of intent to endanger the student or the student’s own willingness to participate. The expressed or implied consent of the victim will not be a defense. Apathy or acquiescence in the presence of hazing are not neutral acts; they are violations of this rule.

6. Violence or threatended violence between those in an intimate relationship to each other.

7. Stalking, defined as repetitive, menacing pursuit, following, harassment and/or interference with the peace and/or safety of a member of the community; or the safety of any of the immediate family of members of the community with the intent of annoying or alarming that person or placing that person in reasonable fear for his/her safety.

8. Sexual misconduct, including (these violations are all described fully):
   A. Sexual Harassment
      • unwelcome, gender-based verbal or physical conduct that is,
      • sufficiently severe, pervasive and objectively offensive so that it,
      • unreasonably interferes with, limits or deprives someone of the ability to participate in or benefit from the College’s education program and/or activities, and is
• based on power differentials (quid pro quo), that creates a hostile environment, or retaliation.

Examples include: an attempt to coerce an unwilling person into sexual relationship; to repeatedly subject a person to egregious, unwelcome sexual attention; to punish a refusal to comply with a sexual based request; to condition a benefit on submitting to sexual advances; sexual violence; intimate partner violence, stalking; gender-based bullying.

B. Non-Consensual Sexual Contact
• any intentional sexual touching,
• however slight,
• with any object,
• by one person upon another person
• that is without consent and/or by force.

Sexual Contact Includes:
• Intentional contact with the breasts, buttock, groin, or genitals, or touching another with any of these body parts, or making another touch you or themselves with or on any of these body parts; any intentional bodily contact of a sexual manner, OR

C. Non-Consensual Sexual Intercourse
• any sexual intercourse
• however slight,
• with any object,
• by one person upon another person
• that is without consent and/or by force.

Intercourse includes:
• Vaginal penetration by a penis, object, tongue or finger, anal penetration by a penis, object, tongue, or finger, and oral copulation (mouth to genital contact or genital to mouth contact), no matter how slight the penetration or contact.

D. Sexual Exploitation

Occurs when a student takes non-consensual or abusive sexual advantage of another for his/her own advantage or benefit, or to benefit or advance anyone other than the one being exploited, and that behavior does not otherwise constitute one of other sexual misconduct offenses. Examples of sexual exploitation include, but are not limited to:
• invasion of sexual privacy;
• prostituting another student;
• non-consensual video or audio-taping of sexual activity;
• going beyond the boundaries of consent (such as letting your friends hide in the close to watch you having consensual sex);
• engaging in voyeurism;
• knowingly transmitting a sexually transmitted disease or Human immunodeficiency virus to another student;
• exposing one’s genitals in non-consensual circumstances; inducing another to expose their genitals;
• sexually-based stalking and/or bullying may also be forms of sexual exploitation

E. Additional applicable definitions:
• Any act of a sexual nature, such as but not limited to, sexual harassment, non-consensual sexual contact and/or intercourse, is not allowed on college premises.
• or any substance used to incapacitate an individual. For information on rape drugs visit: http://www.911rape.org/.

Lewd or obscene conduct:
• Public urination
• Sexual acts performed in public
• Surreptitiously taking pictures of another person in a gym, locker room, or restroom
• Streaking
• Possession or distribution of pornographic material
• Possession or distribution of any obscene materials, as defined by the standards of the College community.

9. Inappropriate conduct, which is disorderly, disruptive, or indecent while on campus or at functions sponsored by, or participated in by, the College.

10. Failure to follow procedures for College events held on or off-campus.

11. Verbal assault or abuse to, interference with or noncompliance to campus public safety officer(s) or other College officer(s) while they are acting in performance of their duties on College premises.
12. Failure or refusal to produce a College identification card upon demand by a security officer or other official of the College acting on his/her official capacity or an officer of the law.

13. Violation of any College policy, rule, or regulation published in hard copy or available electronically on the College website.

14. Smoking in any College building or areas designated as non smoking

F. Reckless, Irresponsible and Criminal Conduct

Students are given and required to accept a high level of responsibility as role models in all their dealings. Behavior that demonstrates a lapse of Responsibility includes, but is not limited to:

1. Intentionally or recklessly causing a fire which damages the College or personal property, or which causes injury to any member of the community.

2. Failure to follow fire safety procedures.

3. Misusing, damaging or tampering with fire safety equipment.

4. Intentionally or recklessly obstructing a fire exit in any College building.

5. Failure to comply with the directions of College officials and/or failure to identify oneself to these persons when requested to do so.

6. Failure to discourage a known and obvious violation of the College policy or public law; Assisting in violation of the College policies or public laws.

7. The knowing failure of any organized group to exercise preventive measures relative to violations of this Code by members.

8. Use, possession, manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, and/or distribution of alcoholic beverages while on College premises. Use, possession, manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, and/or distribution of narcotics, or other controlled dangerous substances, as well as drug paraphernalia, and/or abuse of prescription medications and drugs. For the purposes of this Code, distribution is determined by the quantity of drugs, means and materials for distribution. Please see the full policy on illicit drugs in The Student Handbook.

9. Operating a business. State property or facilities may not be used for personal profit, sale, and/or solicitation. Use of any facilities is prohibited unless participating in a College sanctioned event. This includes, but is not limited to, the commercialization of rooms, the
use of any space for gambling or to solicit students or patrons for private businesses.

VI. Statement Of The Rights Of The Alleged Victim

- The right to investigation and appropriate resolution of all credible complaints of sexual misconduct made in good faith to College administrators.
- The right to be treated with respect by College officials.
- The right of both accuser and accused to have the same opportunity to have others present (in support or advisory roles) during a hearing before the judicial board.
- The right not to be discouraged by College officials from reporting an assault to both on-campus and off-campus authorities.
- The right to be informed of the outcome and sanction of any hearing before the judicial board involving sexual assault, usually within 24 hours of the end of the hearing.
- The right to be informed by College officials of options to notify proper law enforcement authorities, including on-campus and local police, and the option to be assisted by campus authorities in notifying such authorities, if the student so chooses. This also includes the right not to report, if this is the victim’s desire.
- The right to be notified of available counseling, mental health or student services for survivors of sexual assault, both on campus and in the community.
- The right to notification of and options for, and available assistance in, changing academic situations after an alleged sexual assault incident, if so requested by the victim and if such changes are reasonably available (no formal complaint, or investigation, campus or criminal, need occur before this option is available). Accommodations may include but are not limited to:
  - Change of an on-campus student to a different on-campus location;
  - Assistance from College support staff in completing the relocation;
  - Exam (paper, assignment) rescheduling;
  - Taking an incomplete in a class;
  - Transferring class sections;
  - Temporary leave;
  - Alternative course completion options.
- The right not to have irrelevant prior sexual history admitted as evidence in a campus hearing.
- The right not to have any complaint of sexual assault mediated (as opposed to adjudicated).
• The right to make a victim-impact statement at the campus conduct proceeding and to have that statement considered by the board in determining its sanction.
• The right to a campus no contact order against another student who has engaged in or threatens to engage in stalking, threatening, harassing or other improper behavior that presents a danger to the welfare of the complaining student or others.
• The right to have complaints of sexual misconduct responded to quickly and with sensitivity by campus law enforcement.
• The right to appeal the [finding and] sanction of the conduct body, in accordance with the standards for appeal established by the institution.
• The right to review all documentary evidence available regarding the complaint, subject to the privacy limitations imposed by state and federal law, at least 48 hours prior to the hearing.
• The right to be informed of the names of all witnesses who will be called to give testimony, within 48 hours of the hearing, except in cases where a witness’ identity will not be revealed to the accused student for compelling safety reasons (this does not include the name of the alleged victim/complainant, which will always be revealed).
• The right to preservation of privacy, to the extent possible and allowed by law.
• The right to a hearing closed to the public.
• The right to petition that any member of the conduct body be removed on the basis of demonstrated bias.
• The right to bring a victim advocate or advisor to all phases of the investigation and campus conduct proceeding.
• The right to the assistance of an advisor of his or her choice. The advisor may not be an attorney, a member of the student’s family or anyone outside the College community. The advisor does not address the hearing panel or speak for the student at any time during the hearing. The advisor and student may confer during the hearing. The advisor’s role is to assist the student in understanding and clearly responding to the committee’s questions and in making the points related to his or her case. The advisor also may assist the student in preparing his or her opening statement for the hearing. The advisor’s intended role should not be solely moral support.
• The right to give testimony in a hearing before the judicial board by means other than being in the same room with the accused student.
• The right to ask the investigators to identify and question relevant witnesses, including expert witnesses.
• The right to be fully informed of campus conduct rules and procedures as well as the nature and extent of all alleged violations contained within the complaint.
• The right to have the College compel the presence of student, faculty and staff witnesses, and the opportunity (if desired) to ask questions, directly or indirectly, of witnesses (including the accused student), and the right to challenge documentary evidence.
• The right to be present for all testimony given and evidence presented before the conduct body.
• The right to a hearing panel comprised of representatives of both genders.
• The right to have the College policies and procedures followed without material deviation.
• The right to be informed in advance of any public release of information regarding the complaint.
• The right not to have released to the public any personally identifiable information about the complainant, without his or her consent.

VII. Statement of the Rights of the Victim of Sexual Assault (in accordance with the Campus SaVE Act of 2014)

NEW JERSEY CAMPUS
SEXUAL ASSAULT VICTIM'S
BILL OF RIGHTS
(PURSUANT TO P.L. 1994 CHAPTER 160)

A College or University in a free society must be devoted to the pursuit of truth and knowledge through reason and open communication among its members. Academic communities acknowledge the necessity of being intellectually stimulating where the diversity of ideas is valued. Its rules must be conceived for the purpose of furthering and protecting the rights of all members of the College community in achieving these ends.

The boundaries of personal freedom are limited by applicable state and federal laws and institutional rules and regulations governing interpersonal behavior. In creating a community free from violence, sexual assault and non-consensual sexual contact, respect for the individual and human dignity are of paramount importance.

The State of New Jersey recognizes that the impact of violence on its victims and the surrounding community can be severe and long lasting. Thus, it has established this Bill of Rights to articulate requirements for policies, procedures and services designed to ensure that the needs of victims are met and that the Colleges in New Jersey create and maintain communities that support human dignity.

Bill of Rights
The following Rights shall be afforded to victims of sexual assault that occur:
• On campus of any public or independent institution of higher education in the state of New Jersey, and
• Where the victim or alleged perpetrator is a student at that institution, and/or
• When the victim is a student involved in an off-campus sexual assault
Victims Rights
• To be free from any suggestion that victims must report the crimes to be assured of any other right guaranteed under this policy
• To have any allegations of sexual assault treated seriously; the right to be treated with dignity
• To be free from any suggestions that victims are responsible for the commission of crimes against them
• To be free from any pressure from campus personnel to:
  o Report crimes if the victim does not wish to do so
  o Report crimes as lesser offenses than the victim perceives the crime to be
  o Refrain from reporting crimes
  o Refrain from reporting crimes to avoid unwanted personal publicity

Rights to Resources On and Off Campus
• To be notified of existing campus and community based medical, counseling, mental health and student services for victims of sexual assault whether or not the crime is formally reporting to campus or civil authorities
• To have access to campus counseling under the same terms and conditions as apply to other students in their institution seeking such counseling
• To be informed of and assisted in exercising:
  o Any rights to confidential or anonymous testing for sexually transmitted diseases, human immunodeficiency virus, and/or pregnancy
  o Any rights that may be provided by law to compel and disclose the results of testing of sexual assault suspects for communicable diseases

Office of Judicial Affairs
• To be afforded the same access to judicial affairs procedures as the accused.
• To be afforded the same opportunity to have others present during any campus disciplinary proceeding that is allowed the accused
• To be notified of the outcome of the sexual assault disciplinary proceeding against the accused

Legal Rights
• To have any allegation of sexual assault investigated and adjudicated by the appropriate criminal and civil authorities of the jurisdiction in which the sexual assault is reported
• To receive full and prompt cooperation and assistance of campus personnel in notifying the proper authorities
• To receive full, prompt, and victim-sensitive cooperation of campus personnel with regard to obtaining, securing, and maintaining evidence, including a medical examination when it is necessary to preserve evidence of the assault

College Intervention Rights
• To require campus personnel to take reasonable and necessary actions to prevent further unwanted contact of victims by their alleged assailant(s)
• To be notified of the options for and provided assistance in changing academic situations if such changes are reasonably available

**What actions can be taken following sexual assault?**

**Medical**
If a sexual assault occurs, it is advisable not to bathe, shower, douche, change clothing, eat, drink, smoke, or urinate. It is advisable to seek medical examination quickly to collect evidence, should the victim wish to take legal action presently or in the future. Immediate medical attention is also important for physical injuries, sexually transmitted diseases and pregnancy. It is also advisable to have an HIV test done separately from the medical exam, at an HIV Testing site, where HIV tests are done confidentially, anonymously, and free of charge.

**Emotional**
Counseling can be obtained to help the victim to deal with the emotions and to regain a feeling of control over one’s life.

**Legal/Disciplinary**
Criminal charges can be filed through the municipality where the assault occurred. A college complaint invoking the Bergen Community College Code of Student Conduct can be filled with the Office of Judicial Affairs. Both criminal and college processes may be used simultaneously.

**In order for the victim to regain a feeling of control over her/his life, it is very important that the victim make the decisions about reporting, medical attention, and counseling. Bergen Community College is committed to making information available so that students can make informed decisions. Talking with someone about the assault does not commit the student to further actions.**

**VIII. Statement Of The Rights Of The Charged Student**

• The right to be present at the hearing.
• The right to be informed of the supporting documents against him or her.
• The right to have adequate opportunity to rebut the documentation.
• The right to present documentation on his or her behalf.
• The right to bring to the hearing a maximum of three witnesses who directly observed the incident. Written, signed and dated statements from any additional witnesses will be accepted in advance of the hearing.
• The right to the assistance of an advisor of his or her choice. The advisor may not be an attorney, a member of the student’s family or anyone outside the College community. The advisor does not address the hearing panel or speak for the student at any time during the hearing. The advisor and student may confer during the hearing. The advisor’s role is to assist the student in understanding and clearly responding to the committee’s questions and in making the points related to his or her case. The advisor also may assist the student in preparing his or her opening statement for the hearing. The advisor’s intended role should not be solely moral support.
• The Judicial Hearing Panel must conduct the hearing in an impartial manner that shall not be unduly restricted by the legal rules of procedure, evidence and/or discovery.
• If two or more individuals are involved within the same complaint, individual hearings must be permitted when requested by the student.
• If the accused student desires, he or she may submit a written, signed and dated personal statement in advance of the hearing.

IX. Student Code Of Conduct Process And Procedures

Filing A Complaint
A complaint against a student for violations of this Code may be made in writing by anyone who feels this Code has been violated. A complaint should be made as soon as possible following the incident. A Complaint Form is available in the Public Safety Office. The complainant should include as much detail of the alleged violation as possible and to the degree possible include specific references to that part of this Code that pertains to the complaint.

The Student Code of Conduct process is different from criminal and civil court proceedings. Procedures and rights in Student Code of Conduct proceedings are conducted with fairness to all, but do not include the same process afforded by the Courts.

The complaint should include:

1. Complainant’s name, address and telephone number.
2. The name of the person who is being accused of a violation of this Code.
3. The date(s) on which the alleged incident occurred.
4. The place(s) where the alleged incident occurred.
5. A statement describing, in detail, the alleged incident.
6. The name, address and telephone number of any witnesses.

In exceptional circumstances, provisions may be made to protect the identity of reporters and witnesses upon request.

Initial Investigation
Upon receipt of a complaint or College police report, the Assistant Dean of Student Life & Judicial Affairs will inquire as to the circumstances surrounding the event in question to determine whether there are sufficient grounds to believe that a violation of this Code occurred. The Assistant Dean of Student Life & Judicial Affairs or designee will schedule conferences and obtain a written statement from the complainant, accused student, witnesses and/or other persons directly involved in the incident.

1. Based upon the sufficiency of the complaint or report filed, the Dean of Student Life & Judicial Affairs or designee may investigate the circumstances surrounding the
incident in question and determine whether it warrants an administrative hearing with
the Dean of Student Life & Judicial Affairs and/or his designee, a hearing before the
judicial board or referral to the appropriate student conduct process within the
College. If the Dean of Student Life & Judicial Affairs determines the complaint does
not warrant further action, the matter will be closed. Such determinations are
appropriate where the complained conduct does not violate this Code, and/or when
there is insufficient evidence to support a reasonable belief that this Code has been
violated.

2. Interim Suspension
Pending the completion of the Dean’s investigation and subsequent hearing process,
the Dean of Student Life & Judicial Affairs is authorized to place an accused student
on interim suspension for reasons related to his or her physical or emotional safety
and well-being, to protect the integrity of the investigation, pending the outcome of a
psychological or medical assessment and/or for reasons relating to the safety and
well-being of students, faculty, staff, or College property. In some cases, the accused
student may be permitted to attend classes but be suspended from all other campus
activities. This determination will be made by the Dean of Student Life & Judicial
Affairs and/or his designee based upon his/her knowledge of the potential threat
posed by the accused student’s presence on campus. Whenever such action is taken, a
hearing before the judicial board will be convened within ten (10) business days,
unless an extension is agreed upon. The hearing process is outlined below. At the
time of an interim suspension, a Temporary Campus-Wide Notice of No Trespass
may be issued. These documents identify campus locations and events as off limits to
the accused student until further notice.

Subject to the availability of the respondent, the Dean of Student Life & Judicial
Affairs or designee will conduct a pre judicial hearing conference prior to imposing
an interim suspension. If the student is not available, an interim suspension may be
imposed for the safety and security of the student or others until such time the
accused student becomes available. At the pre judicial hearing conference, the
accused student will be given the opportunity to demonstrate to the Dean of Student
Life & Judicial Affairs or designee a compelling reason (e.g. mistaken identity) why
he/she should not be interim suspended pending a hearing before the judicial board.

3. No-Contact Order
The Dean of Student Life & Judicial Affairs may impose a limited or campus-wide No-
Contact Order between parties to a complaint when the fear of retaliation and/or
harassment may be present. Specific instructions will accompany the No-Contact Order
outlining to all parties the expected behavior including face-to-face contact,
correspondence, e-mail, instant message or telephone. Friends and relatives are also
prohibited from contact on behalf of either party.
Notification

1. If the Dean of Student Life & Judicial Affairs or designee determines there is reasonable cause to believe that a violation of this Code has occurred, the accused student will be notified in writing upon receipt of the complaint. The notification time may be longer if necessary to complete the investigation.

2. This written notice will include:
   a. The complaint identifying sections of this Code at issue and sanctions that may result;
   b. A copy of this Code and procedures applicable to the complaint;
   c. A request that the accused student provide a written explanation of the incident (if no prior statement was obtained); A directive to contact the Office of Judicial Affairs to schedule a Student Conference.

Student Conduct Conference

1. The Dean of Student Life & Judicial Affairs or designee will conduct a prejudicial hearing conference with the accused student.

2. At the prejudicial hearing conference the accused student will:
   a. Be informed of the information provided to date by the complainant and other persons;
   b. Be given an opportunity to raise questions and discuss the information;
   c. Be given the opportunity to admit the allegations and accept responsibility for the violation(s);
   d. Be given the opportunity to deny the allegations;
   e. Be informed of the process and possible remedies and sanctions that may result.

3. As a result of the prejudicial hearing conference, the Dean of Student Life & Judicial Affairs or designee may:
   a. Dismiss the complaint;
   b. Refer the complaint to the Health and Wellness Office for personal counseling for appropriate follow up including mediation with the complainant;
   c. Refer the complaint to the appropriate administrative process within the College;
   d. Resolve the complaint informally or impose a remedy and/or sanction that does not warrant suspension or expulsion;
   e. If the accused student does not agree with the decision made at the Student Conduct Conference, the student has the right to appeal the decision to the next level administrator within three (3) business days of receipt of the
decision letter. The appeal process will be given in writing at the time of the decision letter.

f. Determine that a hearing before the judicial board is appropriate. The Dean of Student Life & Judicial Affairs may then refer the matter for a Hearing within ten (10) business days.

**Student Conduct Hearing**

Notification of a hearing before the judicial board will be provided by the Dean of Student Life & Judicial Affairs or designee to the complainant and the accused student by regular mail to the student’s campus address or address of record, and email to the student’s official @me.bergen.edu account. Delivery is considered to be confirmed when it is sent to the student’s account. It is the responsibility of the student to check his/her College email. The notice will include:

a. The name of the complainant;

b. The nature of the complaint, including the specific code sections alleged to have been violated, applicable conduct procedures and the sanctions that may result;

c. The time and place of the hearing. All hearings before the judicial board will be scheduled during regular business hours. (9 a.m. – 5 p.m.);

d. The right to have witnesses. It is the responsibility of the complainant and the accused student to contact his/her witnesses and arrange for their participation. All student witnesses are required to complete and sign a Family Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) form. No less than 48 hours prior to the hearing, the complainant and accused student must provide a list of witness names and a statement of their witness’ anticipated testimony if a prior statement has not been given to the Assistant Dean;

e. The right to have an advisor. (The advisor may not be a witness at the hearing or otherwise participate in the hearing.);

f. The right to present relevant information;

g. The names of others who will be present at the hearing (if known), including the names of the hearing officers;

h. Notice that a Document File compiled by the Office of Judicial Affairs with statements from the complainant, accused student and witnesses and any other documentary information will be available to the accused student, the complainant and their advisors for review at least three (3) days prior to the Student Conduct Hearing. An appointment is required to review the Document File. Copies may be made available upon specific request.
Students should note that disciplinary action may be taken, and sanctions may be imposed, if they fail to attend the initial conduct conference or any subsequent hearing. Students who fail to appear after being provided with notice will be deemed to have pled not responsible to the pending charges.

A student may submit a written request setting forth good cause to delay the hearing. Except in emergency situations, no written request for a postponement will be considered unless received at least three (3) business days before the hearing.

**Members Of The Judicial Board**

Hearings before the judicial board for violations of this Code will be conducted by a trained member(s) of the College faculty, staff, or consultant designated by the Office of Judicial Affairs.

**Conduct Of The Hearing**

The hearing panel shall consist of not less than three nor more than five members of the Judicial Board, which panel shall listen to the proofs presented by the Chief Judicial Officer, any documentation submitted by the Chief Judicial Officer, and shall hear the testimony of witnesses, including, but not limited to, the accused. After hearing all of the necessary testimony and reviewing all of the necessary documents, the hearing panel shall determine whether the member of the College community is responsible for the charges alleged against him or her or not responsible. If the determination by the hearing panel is that the person is responsible for the charges against him or her, then the Chief Judicial Officer shall advise the hearing panel of the appropriate sanctions that should be imposed upon the person. The hearing panel shall then determine what sanctions should be imposed after hearing presentation from the Chief Judicial Officer. If the hearing panel finds the person is not responsible, then the matter shall be closed, but the Chief Judicial Officer shall meet with the person to explain the effect of further violations of the Code of Student Conduct.

The hearing will be closed to all members of the campus and outside community except for those directly involved with the complaint. The complainant and the accused student each have the right to be assisted by an advisor of their choice who is not a witness in the complaint. If the victim of the alleged act of misconduct is not the complainant, the Hearing Officer may also allow the victim to attend. An advisor may be present to advise only and may not participate. Advisors who interfere with the proceedings can be excused by the hearing officer. Only persons involved in the hearing process will be permitted in the vicinity of the hearing.

An audio recording of the hearing, but not the closed deliberations of the judicial board, will ordinarily be made and kept by the Office of Judicial Affairs. If the recording is not made for any reason, the decision of the Hearing Board will include a summary of the
testimony and shall be sufficiently detailed to permit review by the Dean of Student Life & Judicial Affairs.

It is expected that participants and advisors will respect the dignity and privacy of Bergen Community members and keep private that which transpires during the hearing, in accordance with federal law.

Student witnesses, when called by the College on behalf of the complainant, the accused student, or the College, are required to participate in the hearing process.

The hearing process will be conducted in the following manner:

a. All participants and advisors will be introduced to the Board Chair.

b. The Chair will recite the complaint against the student and all code sections alleged to have been violated.

c. The accused student will state whether he/she is responsible, not responsible, or responsible with an explanation for the alleged misconduct. Responsible with an explanation means the student admits to the actions, but believes there were circumstances that should be taken into consideration by the Chair in the determination of this complaint.

d. Statements regarding their respective positions may be given by the complainant and the accused student. The Chair may place reasonable time limitations on the statements.

e. The College reserves the right to assign a representative of the Office of Judicial Affairs to present the complaint against the respondent.

f. Relevant records, documents, and written statements may be accepted and considered by the Chair.

g. The complainant and the accused student may be present throughout the entirety of the proceeding, except for the deliberation phase. The complainant, the accused student and the Office of Judicial Affairs representative will be able to present witnesses, who will be subject to cross examination. Witnesses will be asked to affirm that their testimony is truthful and may be subject to charges of intentionally providing false information to the College. Witnesses will be asked to remain until the end of the hearing in the event they must be called back for clarification of their testimony. In the event that a witness is unavailable, a signed statement from the witness may be admitted. Any such statements will be shared with the parties prior to the hearing, and the accused student will be given full opportunity to respond to the written statement at the hearing.

h. Witnesses will appear separately and will leave the hearing room after their testimony is completed. Witnesses are not permitted to leave the vicinity of the hearing room until permission has been granted by the hearing officer, and
are instructed not to communicate with other witnesses outside the hearing during the proceedings.

i. All parties may question each other and the witnesses, and the Chair may direct questions as appropriate to any participant. The complainant and the accused student may present concluding remarks. The Chair may place reasonable time limitations on the statements.

j. At the conclusion of the hearing the Chair will advise the complainant and the accused student that his/her determination will be given, in writing, to the appropriate parties within ten (10) business days.

k. The accused student’s prior student conduct record will be a factor in determining the appropriate sanction(s).

l. At the conclusion of the presentation of all of the facts on the charges(s), the Hearing Board will retire for closed deliberations. The Board deliberations will not be recorded or transcribed. The determination of the Board concerning each charge will be supported by a brief written summary of the findings relied upon by the Board. The written summary will be placed in the case file and made available to the respondent.

m. The complainant will not be notified of the outcome of the hearing EXCEPT in cases of violence or sexual misconduct, once the decision of the hearing officer has been issued.

n. For each separate offense, the Hearing Officer will determine whether the accused student is responsible or not responsible. The decision will be based upon an evaluation of the information presented and a determination as to whether this Code was more likely than not to have been violated. For each violation, the hearing officer will impose an appropriate remedy and/or sanction.

o. The rules of evidence applicable to the courts do not apply to Code proceedings of this College community. Fair process applicable to this process is as defined in these procedures.

p. The Dean or designee may implement changes to these proceedings as needed that do not jeopardize the material fairness owed to the parties to any complaint.

**Remedies And Sanctions**

A. The following remedies and sanctions may be imposed when accused students have been found responsible for violation of this Code. In addition, other remedies and sanctions may be fashioned at the discretion of the hearing officer:

1. **Written Warning** - to the offender that the conduct must stop and any continuation may be a basis for more severe action.
2. **Probation**- Notice that further violation of this *Code* may result in expulsion. Also, the decision may place some additional restrictions on membership in student organizations and/or participation in activities or may establish special restitution and service requirements.

3. **Suspension** - revocation of the privilege of attending the College and using its facilities for a period of not less than one semester and not more than two academic years.

4. **Facilities Restriction**- Revocation or restriction of privileges for the use of some but not all College facilities

5. **Expulsion**- Permanent termination of student status and rights to be present on College property and attend/participate in College-sponsored events

6. **Referral to civil or criminal authorities.**
   
   Any of the following may accompany a remedy and sanction.

1. **Restitution** requiring individuals to restore or replace within a specified time, property which has been damaged, defaced, lost or stolen.

2. **Service assignment** requiring an individual to perform services for the community or the College

3. **Referral** to appropriate psychological or psychiatric service for evaluation, mandated assessment, or other special help.

4. **Fines** for drug and alcohol violations as outlined in the Student Handbook.

5. **Campus-Wide Notice of No Trespass** will accompany a sanction of suspension or expulsion from the College.

6. **Campus-Wide No Contact Order**: The Dean may impose a Campus Wide No-Contact Order between parties to a complaint when the fear of retaliation and/or harassment may be present. Specific instructions will accompany the Campus-Wide No-Contact Order outlining to all parties the expected behavior including face to face contact, correspondence, e-mail, instant message or telephone. Friends and relatives are also not permitted to have any contact on behalf of either party.

B. Underage students found in violation of the College’s Alcohol Policy and/or sanctioned for the possession or distribution of illegal drugs will be subject to the College parental notification policy. (See FERPA Policies and Procedures in the Student Handbook). In addition, the College reserves the right, in accordance with the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (FERPA), to make public notification of the final results of certain student conduct actions (See FERPA Policy in The Guide). Such notification may include the name of the student offender and
the type of violation, but will not disclose the names of any other students who were involved as victims or witnesses without their consent.

**Judicial Board Hearing Appeal Procedures**

A. Where an individual is found responsible for a violation of this Code that may lead to a sanction less serious than suspension or expulsion, the individual can appeal in writing to the Vice President of Student Affairs and/or his designee within three (3) business days of receipt of the Judicial Board’s determination. A person will have the right to request a final review based on any of the following grounds:

1. A sanction that is substantially disproportionate to the severity of the violation.
2. A material deviation from written procedures that jeopardized the fairness of the process.
3. A demonstrable bias by a member(s) of the Hearing Board.
4. New information, unavailable at the time of the hearing, that could be outcome determinative.

B. In the case of suspension or expulsion, the student can appeal in writing to the Vice President of Student Affairs and/or his designee within three (3) business days of the receipt of the judicial board’s determination.

C. In the case of suspension or expulsion, the student will not be permitted to be on campus or attend classes pending the outcome of the appeal unless implementation of the sanction is delayed by the Vice President of Student Affairs and/or his designee due to extraordinary circumstances.

**Appeal Of Suspension/Expulsion To The Vice President of Student Affairs**

The request for review of an appeal will be considered by the Vice President of Student Affairs and/or his designee to determine whether grounds for an appeal exist. A person will have the right to request an appeal based on any of the following grounds:

1. A sanction that is (substantially) disproportionate to the severity of the violation.
2. A material deviation from written procedures that jeopardized the fairness of the process.
3. A demonstrable bias by a member(s) of the board.
4. New information, unavailable at the time of the hearing, that could be outcome determinative.

**Request for Appeal to the Vice President of Student Affairs**

1. The Vice President of Student Affairs and/or designee will review the written request for an appeal within five (5) business days of receipt to determine whether there is sufficient basis to grant an appeal. If so, he/she will proceed to hear the
appeal, or return the complaint to the original hearing body for reconsideration or rehearing in light of the basis for the appeal.

2. If the Vice President of Student Affairs and/or his designee determines that there is not a sufficient basis to change the decision of the hearing officer, the student will be notified in writing within five (5) business days.

3. Appeals are deferential to the original hearing decision, and are not intended as a rehearing. If the Vice President of Student Affairs and/or his designee hears the appeal, he/she may determine that there is a sufficient basis to change the decision of the hearing officer if there is clear error or compelling justification, only. If so, he/she may reverse, sustain or modify the decision, or change the sanction. Normally, appeals involve a review of the hearing record and appeal request. At the discretion of the Vice President of Student Affairs and/or his designee, the parties, witnesses or written documentation may be interviewed/reviewed as necessary to assure fairness.

4. The decision of the Vice President of Student Affairs and/or his/her designee will be final.

**Document was last revised March 2014**.